doi: 10.1387/ijdb.113309bn



SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

corresponding to:

A SET/MYND chromatin re-modelling protein regulates *Dictyostelium* prespore patterning

BEATRIZ NUÑEZ-CORCUERA, JOANNA BIRCH and JEFFREY G. WILLIAMS



Supplementary Fig. 1. Generation of a smdA null strain. (A) Schematic representation of the smdA locus and the disruption vector. The disruption vector was created in Bluescript II KS containing a blasticidin cassette, using the 5' flanking region of smdA extending from -1609 to +203 and the 3' region extending from +1120 to +2110 (numbered relative to the ATG). The 5' region was amplified with the primers GCGGCCGCTCATCAGGTCTTF TAC and CCTAGGTTTCTTTGAATTGATTATC and cloned as a Notl/BamHI fragment. The 3'region was amplified using the primers AAGCTTTTTATGGF-GTGGATCTGG and CTCGAGTTTATTCCATTACAACACC and cloned as a HindIII/Xhol fragment. The vector was linearized with Notl/Xhol and used for transformation. The pools were selected using 10ug/ml of blasticidin and the transformants were clonally isolated on a bacterial lawn. The clones were screened by PCR using primers located inside the cassette, Bs14 (+590), and outside the 5' flanking region, BN20 (-1609). Then PCR analysis using primers inside the deleted region, BN21 (+57) and BN22 (+1046). (B) RT-PCR analysis of smdA gene expression **To confirm gene disruption expres**sion was analysed in control Ax-2 and smdA⁺ null clones during vegetative growth. SmdA coding region primers were used and as a semi-constitutive expression control Ig7 was analysed.