doi: 10.1387/ijdb.072474ab

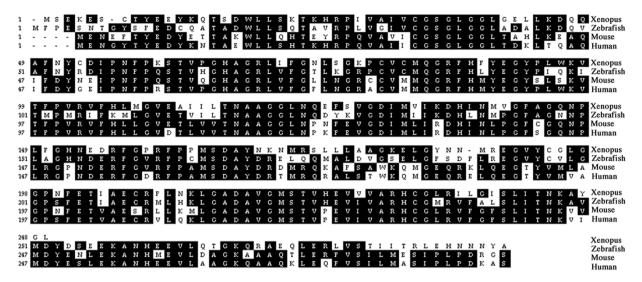


## **SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL**

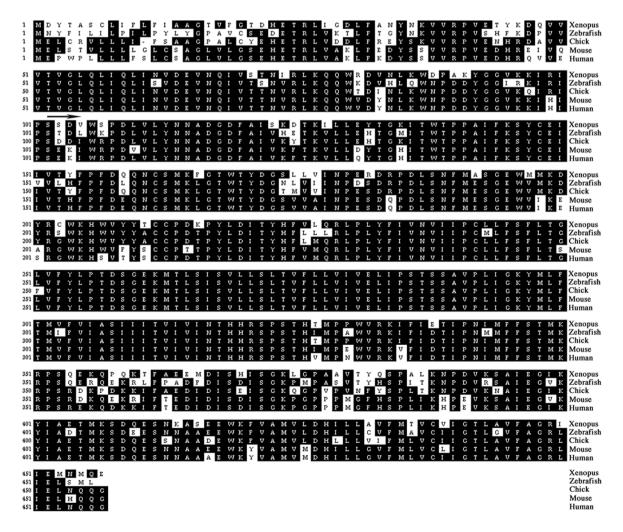
## corresponding to:

## Dynamic expression pattern of distinct genes in the presomitic and somitic mesoderm during *Xenopus* development

AUDREY BOURDELAS, HONG-YAN LI, CLÉMENCE CARRON and DE-LI SHI



Supplementary Fig. S1. Sequence alignment of purine nucleoside phosphorylase protein in Xenopus (NP\_001079809), zebrafish (XP\_001331743), mouse (NP\_038660) and human (NP\_000261).



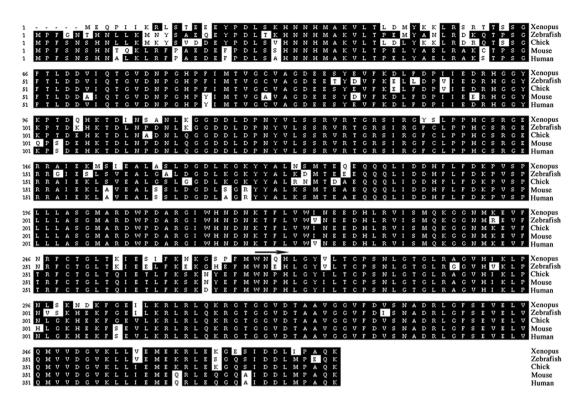
Supplementary Fig. S2. Sequence alignment of acetylcholine receptor  $\alpha$ 1a protein in Xenopus (NP\_001085869), zebrafish (NP\_571520), chick (NP\_990147), mouse (NP\_031415) and human (NP\_000070). The arrow indicates the beginning of the probe used for in situ hybridization.



**Supplementary Fig. S3.** Sequence alignment of aspartate aminotransferase protein in Xenopus (NP\_001080543), zebrafish (NP\_998222), chick (NP\_990652), mouse (NP\_034454) and human (NP\_002070). The arrow indicates the beginning of the probe used for in situ hybridization.



**Supplementary Fig. S4.** Sequence alignment of glycine amidinotransferase protein in Xenopus (NP\_001079699), zebrafish (NP\_955825), chick (NP\_990076), mouse (NP\_080237) and human (NP\_001473). The arrow indicates the beginning of the probe used for in situ hybridization.



**Supplementary Fig. S5.** Sequence alignment of the brain isoform of creatine kinase in Xenopus (NP\_001080363), zebrafish (NP\_775329), chick (NP\_990641), mouse (NP\_067248) and human (NP\_001814). The arrow indicates the beginning of the probe used for in situ hybridization.



**Supplementary Fig. S6.** Sequence alignment of the muscle isoform of creatine kinase in Xenopus (NP\_001080073) zebrafish (NP\_571007), chick (NP\_990838), mouse (NP\_031736) and human (NP\_001815). Arrows indicate the region used for in situ hybridization.